# Vision loss and the senior population: a top public health priority

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Creating a community of services, skills and support for people with vision loss.

#### What is vision loss?

Vision impairment is defined as having worse than 20/40 vision in the better eye even with eyeglasses or contact lenses.

People with low vision may find everyday tasks difficult to do. Reading the mail, shopping, cooking, seeing the TV, and writing can be challenging.

(Sources: Prevent Blindness America, National Institute on Aging)

## **5 Major Causes of Vision Loss**









Age-related macular degeneration

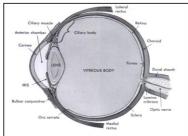




Source: National Eye Institute

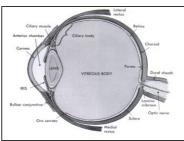
## **Age-Related Macular Degeneration**





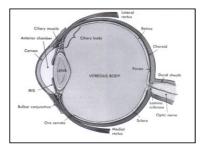
#### Glaucoma





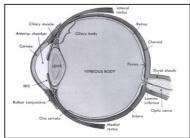
## Cataracts





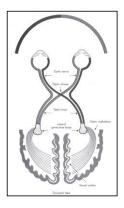
## **Diabetic Retinopathy**





## Stroke





#### **Aging and Vision Loss**

By 2030, the number of people over the age of 65 will double to 71.5 million, or 20% of the population. Over 65, the risk of low vision and blindness increases.

Vision loss can adversely impact the overall health and well-being of older adults in many ways:

- · Increased risk of falls and fractures
- · Increased risk of depression
- · Difficulty identifying medications
- Difficulty bathing, dressing, and walking around the house

(Source: American Foundation for the Blind)

## Percentage of Americans with Vision Loss by Age

AGA	Percentage of Americans
	with Vision Loss
18-44 years	5.50%
45-64 years	12.00%
65-74 years	12.20%
75 years and over	15.20%

Source: National Center for Health Statistics

## **Aging Population in Minnesota**



Source: Minnesota State Demographic Center

What is vision rehabilitation?	
A wide range of professional training and support that can restore functioning after rision loss, just as physical therapy restores function after a stroke or other injury.	
Source: VisionAware (American Foundation for the Blind)	
What is vision rehabilitation?  Adaptive devices such as magnifiers and assistive technology	
Orientation and mobility training, to travel independently and safely in the home and community	
Independent living skills, to confidently perform daily activities	
Source: VisionAware (American Foundation for the Blind)	
Orientation and Mobility	
Militagenetical	

## Technology



Personalized training on devices



Tablets and computers with screen readers and/or magnification



Smartphones with voiceover commands

## **Tasks of Daily Living**



Tactile markers on appliances



Measuring and other cooking skill



Clothing care and mending



Knife skills and other safety tips

## **Community Center**



Social and leisure opportunities



Knitting and other craft



Field trips and cultural experiences



Book clubs and educational presentations

Why is vision rehabilitation	
important?	
Vision loss is linked to  increased dependence on others to perform daily activities  decreased participation in social activities  higher rates of depression: Among older people with vision impairment, 57.2% are at risk of mild or moderate depression compared to 43.5% of those without vision loss (source: Journal of Visual Impairment and Blindness, AFB Press 2006, Vol. 100)  other undesirable health outcomes  Source: Centers for Disease Control	
How to tell that someone may be experiencing vision loss	
1. Bumping into objects	
2. Moving hesitantly or walking close to the wall, with hand extended	
3. Groping for objects or touching them in an	
uncertain way  4. Squinting or tilting one's head to see	
5. Requesting additional or different kinds of lighting	
How to tell that someone may be	
experiencing vision loss	
6. Holding books or reading materials close to the face	
<ol><li>Spilling liquids or pushing food off of a plate at mealtimes</li></ol>	
<ul><li>8. Showing difficulty in recognizing faces</li><li>9. Becoming withdrawn and/or hesitant to leave</li></ul>	
the house or known surroundings  10. Lack of eye contact when speaking	
or being spoken to, seems to be staring into space	

Questions to ask if you think your	
client has low vision	
<ul> <li>Are they having trouble seeing like they used to?</li> </ul>	-
<ul> <li>Do they have macular degeneration, diabetic retinopathy or glaucoma?</li> </ul>	
When did they last see their general	
practitioner or eye doctor?  • Does their vision seem to have gotten worse	
over the last 2-3 years?	
<ul> <li>Can they see newsprint, a bill or a book, or watch TV easily?</li> </ul>	
Questions to ask if you think your	
client has low vision	
<ul> <li>Do they feel like they put things down and lose them?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Does it seem as if there is not enough light to see?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Does glare bother their eyes? Both indoors and outdoors?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Is more light helpful to see things, but too much light makes it worse?</li> </ul>	
much light makes it worse:	
Vision Loss Resources	
Serving the 9-county metro area	
Services include: In-home assessment and personalized training	
Rehabilitation training     Community Center for social and recreational activities     Support groups	
Volunteer program Peer mentors	
Referrals to other resources For more information, call 612-871-2222	
www.visionlossresources.org	

Lighthouse Center for Vision	
Loss	
Serving Duluth and Northern Minnesota	
Services include: • Small group training for seniors and	
working-age adults in daily living skills, technology, and travel	
Employment training, support, and	-
accommodations	
For more information, call 218-624-4828 or visit www.lcfvl.org/	
State Services for the Blind	
Senior Services Unit	
Senior Services Unit	
Serving the Twin Cities and greater Minnesota	
Services include:	
Low vision aids and other adaptive devices	
<ul> <li>Training in daily living skills, technology, and travel</li> <li>Access to books and Radio Talking Book</li> </ul>	
Employment training, support, and	
accommodations	
For more information, call 651-539-2300	
Resources and research	
An introduction to the prevalence of vision loss in the aging population: Visual impairment, blindness cases in U.S. expected to double by 2050." National Eye Institute,	
lational Institutes of Health. May 19, 2016. www.nei.nih.gov/news/pressrelease/visual_impairment_cases_2050	
ractical resources about age-related vision loss, for seniors and caregivers: ttp://www.visionaware.org/info/for-seniors/1	
study of vision rehabilitation:	
Burton AE, Gibson JM, Shaw RL. "How do older people with sight loss manage their general lealth? A qualitative study." <i>Disability and Rehabilitation</i> 2016 Nov 38 (23): 2277-85. Summary:	
https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/26766138	-
compilation of many data and statistics from a variety of scholarly sources:  Illiance for Aging Research. The Silver Book: Vision Loss Volume II, 2012.	
tp://www.silverbook.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/The-Silver-Book_Vision-Loss_Volume- pdf	

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